Foreign Language Manual for 2020 Year–End Tax Settlement

This manual provides information to foreign employees so that they can better understand Korea's year-end tax settlement process. Also, the translated version may differ from the Korean text of tax laws, so if you are using this manual for business purposes, please refer to the original Korean text and receive assistance from the withholding agent (company).

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I . Year-end Tax Settlement of Wage & Salary Income

■ What is year-end tax settlement?

- O Year-end tax settlement is a process of finalizing the total amount of income tax to be borne by an employee (excluding daily workers) for the wage & salary income earned during the relevant taxable period (e.g. Jan. 1-Dec. 31, 2020), based on the report of income deduction and tax credit, etc. submitted by the employee.
- If the amount of total tax withheld monthly is more than the final amount of tax payable, the amount in excess shall be refunded to the employee. If the amount of total withheld tax is less, the amount in shortage shall be additionally collected from the employee.
- O When year-end tax settlement is completed, the withholding agent should issue a receipt for wage & salary income tax withholding to the employee by the end of February. If a resident with only wage & salary income paid income tax through year-end tax settlement, he/she does not need to file a finalized return of global income tax base.

■ When to file year-end tax settlement

- ① Year-end tax settlement of a continuing employee
 - O The year-end tax settlement amount shall be withheld when the person who pays wage & salary income (withholding agent) pays wage & salary income for February of the year following the relevant taxable period (the last day of

February if wage & salary income for February is not paid until the last day of February or if there is no wage & salary income for February).

2 Year-end tax settlement of a retiree

O Where an employee retires during the year, the year-end taxes shall be settled when wage & salary for the retiring month is paid. Therefore, employees who retire during the year should submit the report of income deduction and tax credit and supporting documents to the withholding agent before he/she receives wage and salary for the month of retirement.

${\rm I\hspace{-.1em}I}$. Foreigners' Year-end Tax Settlement

1. Resident and Non-Resident

Definition

- O In principle, a resident means any individual who has had his/her domicile or place of residence in the Republic of Korea for at least 183 days. A non-resident means any individual who is not a resident.
- O A domicile shall be determined by the objective facts of living relationship, such as the existence of a family living together in the Republic of Korea, the property located in the Republic of Korea, and occupation. A place of residence means a place where a person has lived for a long time besides his/her domicile, and in which there is no general living relationship as close as a domicile

- * A taxpayer who falls under the following is deemed to have a domicile in Korea:
 - A person who has an occupation which requires him/her to reside in Korea for 183 days or more; or
 - A person who has his/her family members in Korea and is likely to reside in Korea for 183 days or more in view of his/her occupation or assets held in Korea.

Scope of tax obligations

Foreign Resident	Foreign Non-Resident
All income generated from sources both within and outside Korea (worldwide income)	Domestic source income

^{**} Taxation on foreigners who reside in Korea for a short-term In the case of foreign source income of a foreign resident whose sum of period of having a domicile or place of residence in Korea is five years or less for 10 years retroactively from the last day of the relevant taxable period, only the income paid in Korea or remitted to Korea shall be taxed.

Income deduction & tax credit of foreign employees

O The income deduction and tax credit applied to foreign employees are the same as those for domestic employees (however, housing related deductions and credits do not apply), and the scope differs depending on whether the foreigner is a resident or a non-resident.

Tr		Deducti	bility	N. A		
	Item	Resident	Non-resident	Note		
Total wage & salary income		Including foreign source income	Domestic source income	Article 119, Income Tax Act (Withholding Tax). 7		
Deductions for wage & salary income		0	0			
Basic deductions Personal (Self, spouse, dependent family)		0	Only yourself	Article 122, Income Tax Act		
deduc- tions (Additional deductions Aged, disabled, qualified female, etc.)	0	Only yourself	Article 122, Income Tax Act		
Deduction	ns for pension contributions	\bigcirc	0			
Special income	National health insurance, employment insurance premium	0	X			
deductions	Housing fund	X	X	A foreigner is not deemed the head of a household or a household member		
	Pension savings, etc.	\circ	X			
	Deposits made in a mutual aid fund for small enterprises and small entrepreneurs	0	X			
Other income	Savings account for housing purchase	X	×	A foreigner is not deemed the head of a household or a household member		
	Contributions to a small and medium business start-up investment fund	0	X			
deductions	Credit card expenses	\circ	×			
	Workers in SMEs which maintain the same employment level	0	Х			
	Long-term collective invest ment securities savings	0	X			
	Contributions to an employee stock ownership association	0	0	Deductible for association members regardless of resident/non-resident		
	Tax credit for wage and salary income	0	0			
	Child tax credit	0	X			
Tax credits, etc.	Special tax credit (insurance premium, medical expenses, educational expenses, donation)	0	х			
	Tax credit for monthly rent	Х	×	A foreigner is not deemed the head of a household or a household member		
	Taxpayer association credit	0	0	Applicable where the income tax of a member of a taxpayer association is withheld and paid by a taxpayer association every month		
	Foreign tax credit	0	Х			
	Standard tax credit	0	X			

2. Special Taxation for Foreigners

19% flat tax rate (Article 18–2 of the Restriction of Special Taxation Act)

- O (Summary) A foreign employee can choose the 19% flat tax rate instead of the basic tax rate (6-42%) for wage & salary income (excluding cases where service was provided to a special related company) until the taxable period that ends within five years from the day of first providing service in Korea. However, for those who choose the flat tax rate, non-taxation, income deduction, tax reduction/exemption and tax credit do not apply.
- O (How to apply) A foreign employee who wishes to have special taxation applied should attach an application for flat tax rate application for foreign employees to the report of income deduction and tax credit from wage & salary income and submit the documents to his/her withholding agent or taxpayers association.
 - * Relevant law: Article 18-2 of the Restriction of Special Taxation Act

2 Reduction/exemption of income tax for foreign engineers (Article 18. Restriction of Special Taxation Act)

- O (Summary) For the wage & salary income earned by a foreign engineer meeting certain qualifications, 50% of the income tax is reduced from the day of first providing service in Korea to the month to which five years elapse from such date belongs.
 - * The reduction period (five years) shall apply starting from the day of first providing service in Korea on or after Jan. 1, 2019. If service was first provided on or before Dec. 31, 2018, the previous regulation (two years) shall apply.

- However, in the case of foreign engineers working for specialized leading companies pursuant to Article 16 of the Act on Special Measures for Strengthening of the Competitiveness of Materials, Components and Equipment Industries, income tax is reduced by 70 percent for wage & salary income incurred from the first day of providing labor in Korea on or after Jan. 1, 2020 (up to Dec. 31, 2022) until the month in which falls three years lapse from such date. For wage & salary income from the first day of the month following the aforementioned month to the month to which belongs the day on which two years lapse from such date, 50 percent of the income tax shall be reduced.
- (Engineers eligible for tax reduction/exemption) A person without a Korean nationality who: 1) provides technology based on an engineering technology introduction contract (US\$ 300,000 or more); or 2) works as a researcher at an R&D facility of a foreign-invested company that meets certain requirements such as having an independent research facility
- O (How to benefit) Submit an application for wage & salary income tax reduction/exemption for foreign engineers by the 10th day of the month following the month in which the date of providing service belongs to the jurisdictional tax office via the withholding agent.
 - * Relevant law: Article 18 of the Restriction of Special Taxation Act

3. Summary of the 2020 Revised Tax Laws

1 Increased income deduction rate for credit card expenses

 Increased deduction rate is applied to the amount used in March ~ July among the amount of payments such as credit cards used in 2020.

Payment method & Where to use	Deduction rate			
Payment method & Where to use	Jan-Feb	Mar	Apr-Jul	Aug-Dec
◇ Credit card	15%	30%		15%
♦ Debit card Pre-paid card Cash receipt	30%	60%		30%
 ♦ Amount spent on Books Performance Museum Gallery (applicable to persons with total wage&salary of 70 mil won or less) 	30%	60%	80%	30%
 Amount spent on traditional markets & public transportation fare 	40%	80%		40%

2 Setting of ceiling on wage & salary income deduction

O Deduction ceiling: 20 mil. won(From wage & salary income generated after January 1, 2020)

3 Change of eligibility for child tax credit

O School children under the age of 7 are excluded from child tax credit(From wage & salary income generated after January 1, 2020)

4 Easing of requirement for minimum wage & salary income for non-taxation of manufacturing/production workers' night work allowance, etc.

- O Among the requirements for non-taxation on night work allowance for production workers, the standard of tatal wage & salary income for the previous year is reduced from 25 mil won to 30 mil won or less.
 - * From wage & salary income generated after January 1, 2020

5 Exclusion of SME employees' profits from borrowing housing purchase/lease funds from wage & salary income

- O The profits of employees of SMEs pursuant to the Restriction of Special Taxation Act from borrowing housing purchase/lease funds are excluded from the scope of wage & salary income.
 - * From wage & salary income generated after January 1, 2020

6 Expansion of non-taxation of profits from exercise of venture companies' stock option and extension of application period

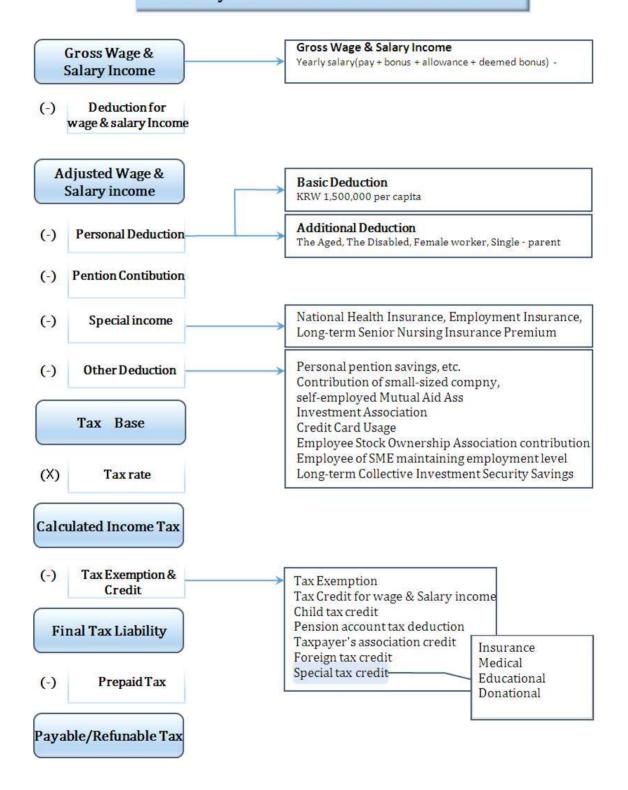
- \bigcirc Non taxation ceiling : Up to 20 mil won per year \rightarrow Up to 30 mil won per year
- \bigcirc Applicable period : Up to Dec. 31, 2020 \rightarrow Up to Dec. 31, 2021
 - * Applicable to those who receive stock options after January 1, 2020.

Expansion of scope of businesses and Eased qualification as career-interrupted woman eligible for income tax reduction for new recruits of SMEs

- O Expansion of scope of eligible businesses
 - Creative and art-related services, sports service businesses, service businesses related to libraries, historic places, and leisure activities
 - * From wage & salary income generated after January 1, 2020
- O Eased qualification as career-interrupted woman
 - Marriage and child education added to the reason for retirement
 - Extend the period of career interruption from 3 to 15 years
 - * From wage & salary income generated after January 1, 2020

4. Year-End Tax Settlement - Calculation Process

Summary of flowchart of Year-end Tax Settlement



☐ Calculation of wage & salary income tax base and tax amount

Classification			Details			
Annual wage & salary income	All forms of compensation received in exchange for provision of service based on employment relations or a similar contract (excluding compensation for service provided by daily workers)					
Non-taxable income	e.g.: Owner fee, meal ex won per mo	Income not included in wage & salary income e.g.: Owner driver subsidy (200,000 won per month), tuition fee, meal expenses, overseas wage & salary income (1 mil. won per month), childcare allowance for children aged 6 or under (100,000 won per month)				
Gross wage & salary income	Taxable wag income - No	-		Annual wage	& salary	
(-) Deduction of wage & salary income Adjusted wage & salary income	Gross Wage & Salary Income Bracket Up to 5 mil. won Over 5 mil. won — Up to 15 mil. won Over 15 mil. won — Up to 45 mil. won Over 45 mil. won — Up to 100 mil. won Over 100 mil. won Wup to 20 mil. won per year Deduction Deduction Town of gross wage & salary income Town of the amount over 5 mil. won Town of the amount over 15 mil. won Over 45 mil. won + 5% of the amount over 45 mil. won Wup to 20 mil. won per year (= Gross wage & salary income — Deduction of wage & salary income)					
	supportin (whose a	g family me annual income	kpayer himsembers who e is 1 million equirement for Sibling 60 or older, or 20 or younger	make a livin won or less	g together)	
(-) Personal deduction	Additional deduction		: For pers	,	to basic	
	Deduction subject	The aged (aged 70 or older)	The disabled	Woman (having dependents / married)*	Single-parent	
	1) A resident with global income of 30 mil. won or less who is a woman with a spouse, or a woman without a spouse with a dependant family member subject to basic deduction 2) An employee without a spouse who has a lineal descendant or adoptee subject to basic deduction 3) Single parent deduction and deduction for woman cannot be applied at the same time (apply single parent deduction in case they both apply)					

Classification		De	etails		
(-) Pension contribution deduction	Public pension (national pension, public officials pension, etc.) contributions borne by self: Deduction of full amount				
(-) Special income deduction	Deduction of insurance premium: Full amount - National health insurance premium, employment insurance premium, long-term care insurance premium				
	① Personal pension savings (if account is opened on/before Dec. 31, 200 - 40% of the deposits are deductible (up to 720,000 won per year				
	and small entrepre	eneurs (Y utual aid	'ellow Umbrella	for small enterprises a Deduction Cooperative) small enterprises and	
	Wage & salary inc	ome		Ceiling	
	40 mil. won or le	ess		5 mil. won	
	Over 40 mil. won-100	mil. won		3 mil. won	
	Over 100 mil. wo	on		2 mil. won	
(-) Other deduction	 Contributions to a small and medium business start-up investment fund For investments in a small and medium business start-up investment fund, venture company, etc., choose one taxable year from the taxable period starting in the year to which belongs to the investment or contribution date and ending in the year to which belongs the date on which two years elapse from the investment or contribution date. 				
	Classification		deduction nount	Income deduction ceiling	
	Contributions, investments in or after 2018	contribu	of the tion amount 70, 30%)*	50% of the global income amount, 3 mil. won for venture investment trusts	
	* Where directly investing in a venture company, etc.: 100% for 30 mil. won or less; 70% for 50 mil. won or less; 30% for over 50 mil. won				
	Income deduction	for amo	ount spent (on credit cards, etc.	
	amount spent ov cards, debit cards 10% of used cards wage & sarbooks, performantickets purchase salary of 70 mil.	rerseas) is, pre-paint purchant purcha	of the amount of the amount of the total of the total of the total of persons less; 40% of transpor	I sum (excluding the punt spent on credit ish receipts (including es) exceeds 25% of otal amount (30% for a and art exhibition is with gross wage & for amount spent in tation) ole for amount spent on	

Classification	De	tails		
	 Deduction ceiling: Ceiling salary amount 	depends on the gross wage &		
	Gross wage & salary	Deduction ceiling		
	70 mil. won or less	Min[Gross wage & salary x 20%, 3.3 mil.won]		
	Over 70 mil. won - Up to 120 mil. won	Min[Gross wage & salary x 20%, 2.8 mil.won]		
	Over 120 mil. won	Min[Gross wage & salary x 20%, 2.3 mil.won]		
	amount less than or equal to the 1 mil. won each) of 40% of the and 40% of the amount spent gross wage & salary is 70 mil spent on books, performance	e excess of the deduction ceiling, the excess amount and the total (up to amount spent in traditional markets in public transportation (where the won or less, 30% of the amount tickets, museum tickets and art ditionally deducted (up to 6 mil. won)		
(-)	⑤ Income deduction for cor ownership association	ntributions to employee stock		
Other deduction	association contributed to a	f an employee stock ownership cquire company stocks (ceiling of won for venture companies)		
	⑥ Income deduction for workers in SMEs which ma the same employment level			
		annual pay for the preceding lal pay for the relevant taxable on per year)		
	① Income deduction for lor security savings	ng-term collective investment		
	wage & salary income of won or less in the relevan	ted by an employee with gross 50 mil. won or less (80 mil. t taxable period) in the taxable unt opening year (ceiling of 6 2.4 mil. won per year		
(+) Amount		bject to composite ceiling on 25 mil. won, the amount in tax base.		
exceeding composite income deduction ceiling	entrepreneurs, contributions to er credit card expenses, contribution	fund for small enterprises and small mployee stock ownership association, ns to a small and medium business in a long-term collective investment		
Tax base	insurance premium deduction	Personal deduction - Pension - Special income deduction - Amount exceeding composite		

Basic tax rate	Calculate by multiplying Tax Base 12 mil. won or less Over 12 mil. won-Not over 46 mil. won Over 46 mil. won-Not over 88 mil. won Over 88 mil. won-Not over 150 mil. won Over 150 mil. won-Not over 300 mil. won	Details the basic tax rate to the tax base Basic Tax Rate Tax base × 6% 720,000 won+ (15% of amount over 12 mil. won) 5,820,000 won+ (24% of amount over 46 mil. won)
Basic tax rate	Tax Base 12 mil. won or less Over 12 mil. won-Not over 46 mil. won Over 46 mil. won-Not over 88 mil. won Over 88 mil. won-Not over 150 mil. won	Basic Tax Rate Tax base × 6% 720,000 won+ (15% of amount over 12 mil. won) 5,820,000 won+ (24% of amount over 46 mil. won)
Basic tax rate	12 mil. won or less Over 12 mil. won-Not over 46 mil. won Over 46 mil. won-Not over 88 mil. won Over 88 mil. won-Not over 150 mil. won	Tax base × 6% 720,000 won + (15% of amount over 12 mil. won) 5,820,000 won + (24% of amount over 46 mil. won)
Basic tax rate	Over 12 mil. wan-Not over 46 mil. wan Over 46 mil. wan-Not over 88 mil. wan Over 88 mil. wan-Not over 150 mil. wan	720,000 won + (15% of amount over 12 mil. won) 5,820,000 won + (24% of amount over 46 mil. won)
Basic tax rate -	Over 46 mil. wan-Not over 88 mil. wan Over 88 mil. wan-Not over 150 mil. wan	5,820,000 won+(24% of amount over 46 mil. won)
	Over 88 mil. wan-Not over 150 mil. wan	<u> </u>
(0 12/0)		
	Opr 150 mil won-Abt opr 300 mil won	15.9 mil won + (35% of amount over 88 mil. won)
_	wa wiiii. Wathot wa wiiiii. Wat	37.6 mil. won + (38% of amount over 150 mil.)
	Over 300 mil. wan-Not over 500 mil. wan	94.6 mil. won + (40% of amount over 300 mil won)
	Over 500 mil. won	174.6 mil. won + (42% of amount over 500 mil. won)
(-) Tax reduction/exemption	 Where a foreigner dispatche government of both a tax treaty, the amound income shall be reduced amount. Tax exemption for formulation (Summary) A resident treaty with Korea contacteachers (professors) we exemption can receive to lecture and resear (mostly two years). Be differ by country, it is a confident of the income payer, and according to tax treaty Enforcement Rules of the income payer), and document to the jurisdiction the month following the month following the month following the month of the payment date belongs. Income tax reduction For a foreign engineer, wage & salary income month to which the day the day of first providing 	from a country that has a tax aining a tax exemption clause for who meet the requirements for tax tax exemption for income related ch received for a certain period ecause the tax exemption clauses advised to check in advance. Ition) An employee who wishes to be benefits should submit an exation/exemption of income tax of (attached Form 29-2 (3) of the end the school should send the ctional tax office by the 9 th day of the month to which the income

Classification	Details
(-) Tax reduction/exemption	 Income tax reduction for new recruits of SMEs (Summary) Where young adults aged 15 to 34 as of the date of signing an employment contract, persons aged 60 or older, the disabled or career–interrupted women meeting certain qualifications become hired by an SME, 70% (90% for young adults) of the income tax for income generated until the month to which belongs the day on which three years (five years for young adults) elapse from the date of employment shall be reduced (up to 1.5 million won per year) (Employees excluded from tax reduction) Daily workers, executives, largest shareholder, largest contributor (representative in the case of private businesses) and his/her spouse, etc., persons whose payment of public pension contribution and national health insurance premium is not confirmed (Businesses excluded from tax reduction) Professional service businesses such as law, taxation and accounting, hospitals, finance and insurance, etc. (Application for tax reduction) The employee shall submit an application for income tax reduction for new recruits of SMEs (attached Form no. 11 of the Enforcement Rules of the Restriction of Special Taxation Act) to the withholding agent by the last day of the month following the month to which the date of employment belongs, and the withholding agent shall send a specification of eligibility of income tax reduction for new recruits of SMEs to the jurisdictional tax office.

Classification		Details
	- (Tax credit amou	vage & salary income unt): 55% tax credit for calculated tax of ess; if the calculated tax amount is over ,000 won + 30% of the excess amount ng)
	Gross wage & salary	Tax credit amount
	Up to 33 mil. won	740,000 won
	Over 33 mil. won & not over 70 mil. won	The higher of ①, ② ① 740,000 won - 【(Gross wage & salary - 33 mil. won) × 0.008】 ② 660,000 won
	Over 70 mil. won	The higher of ①, ② ① 660,000 won - 【(Gross wage & salary - 70 mil. won)×1/2】 ② 500,000 won
(-) Tax credit	and up - 150,00 two children, 300 the third child an (e.g. 600,000 won for fi 1,200,000 won for fi (Newborn, adop from the calculat	ted children) The following is deducted the tax amount: 300,000 won for the 1st on for the 2nd child, and 700,000 won for
	to a retirement p persons with gross - (under 50) up to 7 r 3 mil. won if the gro - (50 or older) up to savings; 3 mil. won 4 Taxpayers asso - 5% of the calcula	nsion account: 12% of the deposits made pension, pension savings account (15% for swage & salary of 55 mil. won or less) mil. won per year(4 mil. won for pension savings; ass wage & salary is over 120 mil. won) a 9 mil. won per year(6 mil. won for pension if the gross wage & salary is over 120 mil. won) ciation tax credit ated tax amount is deducted for wage & wheld by the relevant taxpayers association
	 Foreign tax cred Where the global income generated payable overseas deducted from the Tax credit ceiling wage & salary income 	dit income tax base includes wage & salary overseas, the amount of tax paid or

Classification	Detail				
(-) Tax credit	 Standard tax credit If application for special income deduction and special tax credit was not made, tax credit of 130,000 won is applied per year Tax credit for insurance premium 12% of coverage insurance (e.g. life insurance, accident insurance) premium paid (up to 1 mil. won per year) 15% of deposits to coverage insurance for the disabled (up to 1 mil. won per year) 				
	 Tax credit for medical expenses (Tax credit items) Medical expenses, medical supply expenses, expense for purchasing glasses (up to 500,000 won), post-partum care center expenses (up to 2 mil. won per birth for persons with gross wage & salary income of 70 mil. won or less) in excess of 3% of gross wage & salary * Plastic surgery expenses and expenses for purchasing health supplements are excluded. 				
	Eligibility Tax credit ceiling Tax		credit rate		
	Self, the disabled, persons aged 65 & over, persons who received infertility treatment, persons receiving special treatment in national health insurance premium calculation		No ceiling	15% (20% for infertility treatment expenses)	
	U Other depend family member		7 mil. won per month		
	 Tax credit for education expenses 15% of the education expenses spent for self and persons subject to basic deduction 				f and persons
	Eligibility		Tax credit items		Tax credit ceiling
	① Self	Tuition fee for university, graduate school, time-based programs, occupational capacity development & training institute, repayment of student loans, etc.			Full amount
	② Pre-school children	Daycare center expenses, kindergarten tuition fee, private education institute expenses, sports facility tuition fee, meal expenses.		3 mil. won per person	

Classification	Details						
	Eligibility	Tax credit items			ax credit ceiling		
(-) Tax credit	③ Elementary, middle & high school students	high program expenses, excursion expenses (up to 300,000 won per year), uniform		3 m	il. won per son		
	4 University students	Tuition fee, admission fee		9 m	il. won per son		
	⑤ The disabled	Rehabilitation expenses		Fu	ıll amount		
	 15% of the dependent of the dependent of the limit. In the case of the stock owner owner of the stock owner owner	for donations ne donations made by a refamily members subject to base the taxable period within the confidence of political donations and contributes association, only the amount of its subject to tax credit	sic ded tax cre outions	luction edit to a	on (no age ceiling an employee		
	Type of donation	<u> </u>		cre	edit rate		
(-) Tax credit	① Political fund donation	Adjusted Wage & Salary income ×100%	0-100, won Over 100,00	r 00	100/110 15% for not over 30 mil. won, 25% for over 30 mil. won		
	② Statutory donation	(Adjusted Wage & Salary income - ①)×100%					
	③ Contributions to employee stock ownership association (Adjusted Wage & Salary i		②+③+④+⑤ :15%)+⑤ :15%		
	Donation to religious organizations	(Adjusted Wage & Salary income $-$ ① $-$ ② $-$ ③) $\times 10\%$ + The lesser of: 20% of (Adjusted Wage & Salary		over 10 mil.			
	5 Designated donation (non-religious organizations)	(Adjusted Wage & Salary income −① −②−③) × 30%					

Classification	Details
Tax determined	(=Calculated income tax - Tax credit and exemption) ** Foreign employees who applied for flat tax rate application = (Gross wage & salary + Non-taxable income) × 19%
(-) Pre-paid tax	Tax prepaid at principal (present) workplace + Tax prepaid at secondary (previous) workplace
Tax payable/ refundable	(= Tax determined - Pre-paid tax) ** Tax determined > Pre-paid tax: The difference is payable Tax determined < Pre-paid tax: The difference is refundable

** The above tax amount calculation table simply explains the related tax laws, so it does not explain the necessary requirements for the application of tax reductions . credits. Therefore, in case of reporting taxes using this manual, please be careful not to get penalties such as additional taxes imposed due to excessive reduction by checking the additional requirements for the application of tax reductions and the eligibility of the reductions from the related tax laws or the withholding agent (company).

${\rm I\hspace{-.1em}I\hspace{-.1em}I}$. Calculation Examples

1. Year-end Tax Settlement of Continuing Employees (1)

Basic information

- James works for Company ABC and earned 200,000,000 won as wage & salary income in 2020.
- Annual wage & salary income 200,000,000 won Non-taxable income 5,000,000 won
- His family members are as follows: James (aged 36), Jane (His wife, aged 38) (His wife is subject to basic deduction with annual wage & salary income of 1,000,000 won or less for the relevant tax year)
- Expenditure details
- National pension contribution 2,500,000 won National health insurance premium 1,500,000 won
- Monthly prepaid tax amount (excluding local income tax) 44,334,000 won

Year-end tax se	ettlement	19% flat tax	rate application
Total Income	₩200,000,000	Total Income	₩200,000,000
Non-taxable income	<u>(-)</u> 5,000,000		
Gross Wage & Salary	₩195,000,000		
Income			
Deduction for wage &	16,650,000		
salary income			
Adjusted Wage & Salary	₩ 178,350,000		
Income			
Personal deduction			
-Basic deduction	3,000,000		
Pension contribution deduction	2,500,000		
Special income deduction			
-National health	1,500,000		
insurance premium			
Other deduction			
Tax Base	₩ 171,350,000		
Calculated Income Tax	₩ 45,713,000		
(basic tax rate)			
Tax Credit for Wage &	500,000		
Salary Income			
Determined tax	₩ 45,213,000	Determined tax	₩ 38,000,000
Prepaid tax	(-) 44,334,000	Prepaid tax	<u>(-)</u> 44,334,000
Tax due	₩ 879,000	Tax due	₩ △6,334,000

2. Year-end Tax Settlement of Continuing Employees (2)

Basic information

- James worked as an instructor in 2020 under a labor contract with a private English education institute. He earned 3,000,000 won every month (including 500,000 won offered by the institute to pay monthly rent).
- His family members are as follows: James (aged 40), Mary (his wife, aged 35), Brian (his son, aged 7), Wilkins (his father, aged 71). James and his family members live together and all his family members have annual income of less than 1,000,000 won, and are therefore eligible for basic deduction.
- Expenditure details
 - Life insurance premium: 1,100,000 won
 - National pension premium: 1,200,000 won
 - Child education expenses: 4,800,000 won (paid to domestic education institute)
- Amount of tax withheld: 26,690 won every month (flat tax rate not applied)

Year-end tax settle	ment	Details
Annual wage & salary income Non-taxable income①	₩36,000,000 (-) 0	① The 500,000 won offered by the institute for payment of monthly rent does not fall under non-taxable income.
Gross wage & salary income Deduction from wage & salary income2	₩36,000,000 10,650,000	② 7,500,000+(36,000,000-15,000,000)×15%
Adjusted wage & salary income Personal deduction - Basic deduction③ - Additional deduction④ Pension premium deduction Special income deduction	₹ 25,350,000 6,000,000 1,000,000 1,200,000 0	③ (4 persons × 1,5000,000) ④ (1 person × 1,000,000), the elderly
Tax base Computed tax amount(basic tax rate) Computed tax amount (basic tax rate) tax rate)	₩ 17,150,000 1,492,500 716,000	⑤ (Deduction amount): 772,750 715,000 + (1,492,500-1,300,000)×30% (Deduction ceiling) 716,000 740,000 - 【(36,000,000-33,000,000)×0.8%】
Child tax credit	150,000	(0.000)
Coverage insurance premium - Coverage insurance premium	120,000	⑥ 1,000,000 × 12%
- Educational expense 7	450,000	① The deduction ceiling for elementary school child educational expense is 3,000,000 won.
Tax determined Prepaid tax ®	₩ 56,500 (-) 320,280	8 26,690×12 months
Tax due	₩ △263,780	Tax refundable

IV. FAQ on Foreigners' Year-End Tax Settlement

I am a foreign wage & salary income earner and my company withholds tax from my monthly income. What is the year-end tax settlement?

1

- O When paying an employee's monthly salary, the withholding agent (company) should pay the amount of tax withheld according to the simplified tax table* to the competent tax office after considering the employee's monthly salary and income deduction items such as the number of dependent families, and should file year-end tax settlement before salary for February of the following year is paid.
 - * A table that determines the amount of tax to be withheld every month depending on the monthly salary and the number of dependent family members.
- O Year-end tax settlement is a process of finalizing the total amount of income tax to be borne by an employee for the wage & salary income earned during the relevant taxable period.
 - The final amount of tax payable is determined by reflecting the report of income deduction and tax credit submitted by the employee to the wage & salary income of the relevant taxable period.
- O If the final amount of tax payable is determined by reflecting the income deduction and tax credit items, the withholding agent (company) shall compare the amount to the sum of monthly withheld taxes. If the amount of total withheld tax is more, the amount in excess shall be refunded (added to salary), and if it is less, the amount in shortage shall be additionally collected (subtracted from salary).
 - * Related law: Article 134, 137 of the Income Tax Act

How do I file year-end tax settlement if I retired in the middle of the year?

2

3

- O If an employee retires in the middle of the year, the withholding agent collects the year-end tax settlement amount when paying the wage & salary income for the retiring month.
- O Therefore, an employee who retires in the middle of the year should submit a report of income deduction and tax credit and supporting documents to the company before he/she receives salary for the retiring month. If the employee only has wage & salary income from one place of work in the relevant taxable period, his/her income tax payment obligations are fulfilled with the aforementioned year-end tax settlement.
 - * Relevant law: Article 137 of the Income Tax Act
 - I'm paid by a company in a foreign country. How do I pay my taxes?
- O Wage and salary from foreigners or foreign companies outside the country are excluded from withholding but taxes should be paid.
- O Since there is no one in the country who pays income, the worker must fulfill his or her own tax obligation. Therefore, the taxpayer is required to file a tax return on the income received outside the country in May of the following year.
- O However, if the taxpayer joined a taxpayers association, the association should withhold tax on income paid from overseas and perform year-end tax settlement. In this case, the taxpayer can receive a tax credit of 5% of the tax amount.
 - * Relevant law: Article 3, 150 of the Income Tax Act

4

Where a foreign resident is paid from a foreign country by providing labor, should the foreign-source income be combined with his/her domestic income for year-end tax settlement?

- O A foreigner who is a resident of Korea should settle year-end tax for his/her income earned both in Korea and a foreign country.
 - However, in the case of a foreign resident whose sum of period of having a domicile or place of residence in Korea is five years or less for 10 years retroactively from the last day of the relevant taxable period, only the income paid in Korea or remitted to Korea shall be taxed.
 - * Relevant law: Articles 3 and 20 of the Income Tax Act

5

Are medical expenses paid to an overseas medical institution deductible?

- O They are not deductible as foreign medical institutions do not fall under medical institutions as prescribed by Medical Service Act.
 - Relevant laws: Article 59-4 (2) of the Income Tax Act, Article 118-5 (1) of the Enforcement Decree of the Act

6

If the medical expenses shown at the Simplified Year-end Tax Settlement Service are less than the actual, how can a foreign employee claim deduction for the actual medical expenses?

- O If the Simplified Year-end Tax Settlement Service (www.hometax.go.kr) does not show the full records of medical expenses spent by a resident worker, he/she can claim the deduction for his/her actual medical expenses by entering the omitted amount in the statement of medical expenses payment and submitting supporting documents issued by hospitals or pharmacies.
 - * Relevant law: Article 59-4 (2) of the Income Tax Act

- Are pre-school children's private education expenses spent abroad deductible?
- O Educational expenses paid to overseas private educational institutes are not deductible because private educational institutes abroad are not qualified as private institutes or sports facilities stipulated in the relevant Korean laws, such as the Infant Care Act and the Act on the Establishment and Operation of Private Teaching Institutes and Extracurricular Lessons.
 - Relevant laws: Article 59-4 (3) of the Income Tax Act, Article 118-6
 (1) of the Enforcement Decree of Income Tax Act
 - Are the education expenses deductible if a foreign taxpayer working in Korea spent educational expenses for their children studying abroad?

8

- O As educational expenses paid to a foreign educational institute are deductible only when a resident who holds Korean nationality as of the end of relevant taxable period paid the education expenses, a foreigner is not able to claim deduction for the expenses.
 - Relevant laws: Article 59-4 (3) of the Income Tax Act, Article 118-6 (4), (5) of the Enforcement Decree of Income Tax Act
- I paid insurance premium for December 2019 in January 2020. In this case, from what year is the insurance premium deducted?
- O Insurance premium is deductible from the year in which it was paid. So if the payment was in January of 2020, it should be deducted from income for 2020.
 - * Relevant law: Article 59-4 (1) of the Income Tax Act

- Can a foreign employee, who is a resident, claim deduction for his/her overseas credit card usage?
- Income deduction is not permitted for purchases made overseas with credit cards.
 - * Relevant law: Article 126-2 (1) of the Restriction of Special Taxation Act
- Is the amount spent on a credit card under my family member's name deductible?
- O The amount spent on a credit card under the name of a resident's spouse or lineal ascendant/descendant with annual income of 1 million won or less (gross wage & salary of 5 million won for persons with only wage & salary income) can be included in the resident's income deduction amount for credit card expenses, etc. However, the amount spent on a sibling's credit card, etc. is not included in the deductible amount even if the sibling is subject to basic deduction.
 - * Relevant law: Article 126-2 (1) of the Restriction of Special Taxation Act
- What are the general requirements for foreign teachers to be eligible for tax exemption?
 - The NTS English website (http://www.nts.go.kr/eng⇒Resources ⇒Tax Treaty) provides information on foreign teachers' eligibility for tax exemption, and because the eligibility for tax exemption differs by country, foreigners should check the applicable tax treaty between Korea and his/her home country. However, in the case of tax treaties with Canada, Norway, Sweden, etc., tax exemption is not granted.
 - O An American resident meeting the following requirements can be exempted from paying taxes on his/her wage and salary income.

- Inviting institution: Government, local governments or authorized educational institutes
 - * Not including private language institutes, English camps run by an English village, etc.
- Purpose of invitation: For the purpose of teaching/researching at a university or an authorized educational institute
- Purpose of visit: Primarily for the purpose of teaching or engaging in research, at a university or an authorized educational institute
- Period of invitation: Not exceeding two years
 - * Relevant laws: Article 20 (1) of the Korea-U.S. Tax Treaty
- What income deduction and tax credit items do not apply to foreigners when filing year-end tax settlement?
- O Housing related items (housing fund deduction, income deduction for comprehensive housing subscription saving deposits, tax credit for monthly rent) apply only to household heads and members. Because foreign employees cannot be a household head or member, they are not eligible for such deduction items.
 - * Relevant law: Article 95-2 of the Restriction of Special Taxation Act
- If a foreigner omits some items for income deduction or tax credit in the year-end tax settlement, can he/she get deduction or tax credit later?
 - O If items for income deduction or tax credit were omitted in the Year-end Tax Settlement, a foreign taxpayer can claim for correction of the originally filed tax return to the competent tax office in the filing period of global income tax, May of the following year. They can also

claim for correction within five years since the period of wage & salary income tax payment lapsed.

* Relevant law: Article 45-2 of the Framework Act on National Taxes

- How do I claim a refund when I am eligible for a tax refund?
 - O If you are eligible for a refund, you can receive a refund through your employer (place of work), and there is no need to undergo a separate procedure.
 - * Relevant law: Article 137 of the Income Tax Act
- I have missed the year-end tax settlement. How can I file my income tax return?
 - O If you failed to settle year-end taxes, did not settle year-end taxes by summing up the income you received from all companies you worked for in the same year, or wish to claim additional deductions due to the omission of some income deduction and tax credit items, you may file a global income tax return by attaching evidence and related documents, including simplified year-end settlement documents, in May.
 - * Relevant law: Article 73 of the Income Tax Act

V. How to Use the Simplified Year-End Tax Settlement Service

■ What is the Simplified Year-End Tax Settlement Service?

- O It is a service that NTS electronically build income tax reductions data electronically submitted by banks, schools, hospitals. etc. and shows employees via Hometax (www.hometax.go.kr).
 - By selecting and submitting only those data which meet the income tax reductions requirements, employees can get the data recognized as documentary evidence.

2 Looking up income deduction and tax credit data

- A. Simplified Year-end Tax Settlement Service website (http://www.hometax.go.kr)
- B. Log-in with public key certificate
- Click [로그인] on the upper right corner of the home page ➡ Click [공인인증서 로그인]
- Select the drive where the public key certificate is stored ⇒ Enter password ⇒ Click [확인]
 - * A public key certificate stored in the cell phone can be used to log-in as well. Also, log-in as a non-member(a public key certificate) is allowed.

To access the Hometax website and look up income deduction and tax credit data, a public key certificate is needed. This is a tool to verify a user's identity on the Internet and protect valuable personal information.

^{*} A public key certificate can be issued by banks, etc.

^{**} Foreigners can only use a digital key certificate issued with their alien registration number.

C. Looking up & printing income deduction and tax credit records





○ From the simplified year-end tax settlement page, click 소득· 세액공제 조회/발급 under [근로자].



- All income deduction and tax credit items will show.
- O Click one of the items to see the amount you spent at each place of expenditure, Click one of the entities to check how much you have paid for the item per month.
- O Click [한번에 인쇄하기] to print out the records under all items you have looked up.
 - * You cannot use this function if you need to print out the amount of expenditures per month (or per day).



* The data provided by the simplified year-end tax services is collected with the alien registration number only. For example, if an employee got an insurance with a passport number or temporary number, etc. instead of an alien registration number, insurance fees paid cannot be looked up.

3 Submission of electronic documents for income deduction and tax credit

The NTS conducts paperless year-end tax settlement service so that employees and withholding agents do not have to print out, submit and keep paper-based income deduction and tax credit documents. Companies should visit the electronic document data extraction program website (www.hometax.go.kr) and install the data extraction program on the company's year-end tax settlement program in advance.

A. Look up and download income deduction and tax credit data

- Click [세금종류별서비스] 「연말정산 간소화」 on the top of the home page.
- O Look up data as described in 'Looking up income deduction and tax credit data' above. After checking the data, click [한번에 내려 받기] or [PDF 다운로드] to download the electronic documents.
- * When downloading a PDF document, you can choose whether to set a password (any seven digits) for the document.
- * The default file name is set as "Name (first six digits of user's resident registration number)-Name of the item.PDF", and can be changed into a name you want to use.

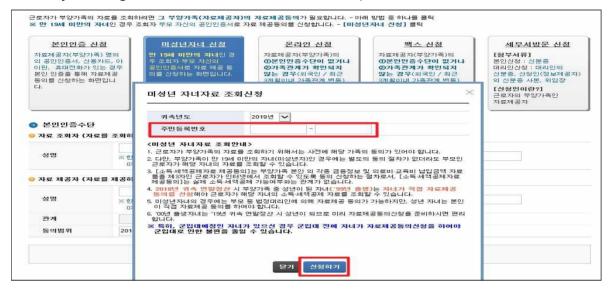
- B. Using the downloaded electronic documents (paperless year-end tax settlement)
 - O Employees should submit the downloaded electronic documents to their employer (withholding agent).
 - The employees of a company providing paperless year-end tax settlement service can upload the downloaded electronic documents on the company's year-end tax settlement program and automatically prepare income deduction and tax credit report forms, etc. with the program.

4 Application for consent to providing dependant family members' income deduction and tax credit data

- A. When a dependent family member is an underage child
 - O An employee with a public key certificate may access his/her underage child's (under 19, born on or after Jan. 1, 2001) income deduction and tax credit records without obtaining consent.
 - On the [세금종류별서비스] menu on the upper side of Hometax home page, click[연말정산간소화]—[자료제공동의 신청]—[미성년자녀 신청]
 - * An employee who wishes to access his/her child's records must have a public key certificate.



- O Enter the personal information of the child whose record you wish to access and click [신청하기], which will automatically register your child after confirming family relations.
 - * If the address of the parent and the underage child do not match, automatic registration shall not be done. In this case, attach documents certifying family relations and apply online (upload documents), by fax, or by visiting a tax office (refer to b-1)-2, b-3)).



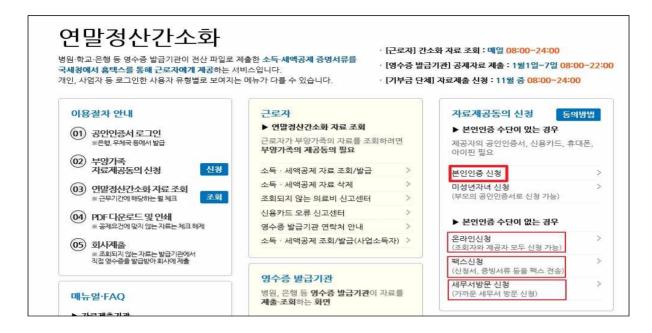
B. When a dependent family member is an adult

For an employee to access the income deduction and tax credit data of a dependent family member who is an adult, the relevant family member's consent is required. Application for consent may be made through the following methods:

1) How to consent to providing information on-line

If the information provider and the information viewer's family relations can be confirmed on-line, application for consent to provision of information can be made using personal authentification methods (public key certificate, cell phone, credit card). If there are no means of personal authentification or if family relations cannot be confirmed, you can apply for consent to provision of information by attaching a family relations certificate, etc. via on-line or fax.

- ① How to consent to providing information on-line using a personal authentication method (authentication certificate, cell phone, credit card)
- 1. Log on to Hometax (www.hometax.go.kr) → 2. Click [세금종류별 서비스] → Click [연말정산 간소화] → 3. From [자료제공동의 신청] on the right hand side click 「본인인증신청」 → 4. Fill in the matters required for application and then click [신청하기] → 5. Select personal authentification method (public key certificate, cell phone, credit card, i-pin) → Authentication and application
- 2 Apply for consent to provision of information via ON-LINE
- 1. Log on to Hometax (www.hometax.go.kr) → 2. Click [세금종류별 서비스] → Click [연말정산 간소화] → 3. Click 「온라인신청」 from [자료제공동의 신청] on the right hand side→ 4. Fill in the matters required from [제공동의 신청정보 입력] and then click [다음] → 5. Click [파일찾기] of the copy of ID from [첨부서류 대상 파일 선택] → 6. Select the copy of ID file and click [열기] → 7. click [첨부서류 제출하기]
 - * Where family relations cannot be checked electronically, attach the family relations documents. When the information viewers log on and apply, the power of attorney must be attached.
- 3 Apply for consent to provision of information via fax
- 1. Log on to Hometax (www.hometax.go.kr) → 2. Click [세금종류별 서비스] → Click [연말정산 간소화] → 3. Click 「팩스신청」 from [자료제공동의 신청] on the right hand side → 4. Fill in the matters required from [제공동의 신청정보 입력] and then click [신청하기 및 출력하기] → 5. Send the printed out application form, copy of ID and certificate of family relations via fax (☎1544-7020)



2) Apply for consent to provision of information via mobile phone

Application can be made only when the information provider has logged on. When the information viewer and the information provider's family relations can be certified, apply for consent to information provision by using a personal authentication method (public key certificate, cell phone). If family relations cannot be certified, upload a family relations certificate, etc. to make an application.

- ① Where family relations can be certified electronically
 - 1. Log on to Hometax → 2. Choose [연말정산] → 3. Choose [연말정산 제공동의] → 4. Choose [제공동의 신청] → 5. Enter information provider's information → 6. Choose a personal authentication method (cell phone authentication, public key certificate) → 7. Personal authentication → 8. Enter the information of the information viewer → 9. Choose [다음]
- ② Where family relations cannot be certified electronically (foreigner or change in family relations within the past three months due to marriage, etc.)
 - $1\sim9$ same \to 10. Select [파일제출 신청] \to 11. Select [첨부] and choose a personal identification or family relations certificate stored in the cell phone \to 12. Choose [증빙서류 제출]

3) Visit a tax office

Fill out an application form for provision of information on income deduction and tax credit and attach a copy of the personal identification of dependent families (alien registration certificate, etc.) and submit them to the nearest tax office.

- How to download application for consent to provision of income deduction and tax credit data
- 1. Log on to website (www.hometax.go.kr) → 2. Click [세금종류별 서비스] → Click [연말정산 간소화] → 3.Click [자료제공동의 신청] 세무서 방문 신청→ 4. Click [서식다운로드]

5 Search status of consent to provision of information on income deduction and tax credit and cancellation of consent

1. Log on to website (www.hometax.go.kr) → 2. Click [세금종류별 서비스] → Click [연말정산 간소화] → 3. Click [자료제공동의 조회·취소] on the right hand side → 4. Click [제공동의 현황조회] or [제공동의 취소 신청]

${ m VI}\,.$ Related Documents

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	r De			nt Associated Usage					-	_			n. Credit						
	Other Deduction		Contribu	tions of the	e he employe	e stocl	k owner	ship				Mortgag n Tax C	ge Interests Credit						
	'n	44	association S/M Ent			Emplo	yment			_				Amount applicable					
					investment se		-			69	Month	ly rent		for deduction Tax Credit					
		46	Sub-Tota	ıl							Sub-T								
-	(17)	Sub-Total Excess of Global Limit of Income Deduction										Liability	(49-54-70) (71)/21)						

	rsonal Deduction ·														disabled,	please write
down	the relevant code). Personal			each ite	em und	er deduction	n · tax c	redit, writ		he amount pecial Ded				spent.)		
Relatio nship Code	Name		asic	Aged	New born/ adopted			Insuranc	e Premium	peciai Ded		Medical Ex			Education	on Expenses
Citizen / Foreigner	Resident (Alien) Reg. No.	Women	Single Parent	Disabled	Child	Description	Health	Employmen	t Guaranteed	Guaranteed for Disabled person	General	Infertility	Age 65 or over, The disabled, those exempt from national health insurance calculatio	Indemnit . y insurance premium	General	Special education for the disabled
	of people eligible					NIS Data total										
	personal deduction No. of children:)		·			Other Data total										
0	,		5			NTS Data										
	(Myself)		Ţ			Other Data										
	• •					NTS Data										
	-					Othe rData										
						NTS Data										
	-					Other Data										
						NTS Data										
	-					Other Data										
									Tax cred	lit						
						(Credit Card		e Deduction							
Descript	ion Credit Ca	rd		Debit	t Card		Cash Rece	ipt	Purchase of boo tickets (only for pay of 70 mil.	oks, performance those with total won or less)		spent in I markets	Amo	ount spen transport	t in public tation	Donation
NIS Data	total															
Other Data	tatal															
NTS D	ata															
Other D	ata 💮															
NTS D	ata															
Other D																
NTS D																
Other D	ata															

Instruction

This form is used when a tax association specified in the Article 149(1) of the Income Tax Act conduct the year-end tax settlement f earned income which falls into the category specified in the Article 127-1(4) of the Income Tax Act. Enter the company name and the regis number of which your actual working place for ③ Company Name ⑩ Tax Reg. No. If the business is not registered, enter the buregistration number of the tax association.

- 1. The State of residence and code for state of residence field is only required for non-residents. The abbreviated name of country or the state code should be entered according to the International Organization for Standardization (ISO) code designated by the ISO.
 - (* Checking the ISO country code: NTS website→Resources→Additional Info.→ ISO country code).
 - ex) Republic of Korea: KR, United States: US
- 2. For the nationality, check "Foreigner 9" if the wage/salary income earner is a foreigner and write the nationality code specified by the ISO country code. If applicable for flat tax rate, select "Yes 1" with submission of an Application of the flat tax rate. Also, where a wage & salary income earner is a religion-related worker, select "Yes 1" in the "Religion-related worker" box.
- 3. Where a withholding agent is subject to a per-business unit taxable entrepreneur under the Value-added Tax Act, select 'Yes 1' on 3-1 and fill in 3-2.
- 4. Withholding agents must submit payment records by March 10 of the following year (or, by the end of the month which is two months after the suspension/closing of business) which includes the day of issuance.
- 5. I .In the box, Details of Income by Company, enter the income amount not including non-taxable income. II. The non-taxable income should be entered separately in the box by code. If there are too many non-taxable items, enter the total amount only in the box ②, Non-taxable Income, and ②-1, Total reduction from income. II and then Use another paper for details of non-taxable income.
- 6. When conducting the year-end tax settlement for the wage and salary income and other earned income specified in the Article 127-1(4) of the Income Tax Act, Enter data on taxpayer association in the 16-1 Taxpayer association section, and enter wage and salary income which falls into the Article 127-1(4) of the Income Tax Act. Enter the taxpayer association credit specified in the Article 150 of the Income Tax Act in the 16-1 Taxpayer association credit section.
 - If a wage and salary income earner moved from a branch having separate business registration number to another one, when the new branch conducts the year-end tax settlement, he/she should enter the income incurred at the previous branch on the section of "I. Details" of this form.
- 7. ②Gross Wage & Salary: Enter the amount of "⑤ Total". If the foreign worker wants application of a flat tax rate under the provision of RSTA§18-2②, he/she shall enter the sum of "⑥ Total" and non-taxable income amount. In this case, the regulation of non-taxation, deduction, exemption or tax credit related to the income tax are not applicable.
- 8. Fill in the global income special deduction (33~45) section and other income deduction sections (48~46) with the deduction amount from the Report of Deduction · Tax Credit from Income/ Report of Deduction · Tax Credit from Wage & Salary Income [Tax Form 37]
- 9. Fill in the pension account (⑤ ~⑤) section and Special Tax Credit (⑥ ~⑥) section with the amount applicable for deduction and the tax credit amount from the Report of Deduction · Tax Credit from Income/ Report of Deduction · Tax Credit from Wage & Salary Income [Tax Form 37].

Report of Deduction · Tax Credit from Income / Report of Deduction · Tax Credit from Wage & Salary Income

(For the Year-end Tax Settlement of Income)

** An employee should fill in and submit this form to his/her withholding agent with documentary evidence. The withholding agent should check if the submitted form and attached documents are correct, calculate the tax amount for the employee's wage and salary income and immediately issue a withholding receipt to the employee. Later, when it is found out that the employee paid more than he had to, the withholding agent shall pay back the overpaid tax amount.

	Employee 1	Name						sident(Alien Reg. No.)					_			
Emp	ployer(Compa	any) Name						Tax sistration N	ο.				-	_	-		
	Householder	status I	Household	er 🗌 Mer	mber 🗌			Vationality				(Natio	nality	code:)	
	Period Attril	butable		~			_	Period for exemption		(State Code :) Request Not Request Special Deduction, Tax credit Insurance Premium Medical Expenses Education Expenses Guarante ed Age indem Special							
	Residen	cy F	Resident [Non-resi	dent			State of Residence				(Sta	te Co	de :)	
(Change for P Deduction	Sec.	ime as be	fore Ch	anged			Divided Payment	No. y (Nationality code:) r n (State Code :) Request Not Request Special Deduction, Tax credit Insurance Premium Medical Expenses Education Expenses Representation Employ Guarante ed for Disable d person Health Employ Guarante ed Disable d person Age indem or inty over insura check in the disabled Age inde								
Sele	ect of Tax V	Vithholding															
		Person	al Deduct	ion						Sp	ecial	Deduc	tion, 7	Tax cro	edit		
	Relationship Code	Name	New born/ado			I					lical Ex	penses					
Ι	Citizen / Foreigner	Resident (Alien) Reg. No.	Women	Single Parent	Disabled	Child	ł	Description	Health		Guarante ed	for Disable d	General		or insura	General	education
Personal		le eligible for personal deduction						NIS Data total									
Sor		o. of multiple children:)	f multiple children:)					Other Data total									
	0			0				NTS Data									
Deduction		(Myself)						Other Data									
ď				.,				NTS Data									
뎞.		-						Othe rData									
엺								NTS Data									
•		-						Other Data									
Ta:					Special Do												
×				(Credit Cards etc	. Usage D											
Tax Credit List	Description	Credit Card	Cash Receipt	fe	erforma or thos	nase of books, unce tickets (on he with total pa mil. won or less	y ii	ı traditi	onal	in pu	Amount blic trai	spent isportation	on	Donati	on		
÷	NTS Data																
	Other Data																
	NTS Data																
	Other Data																
	NTS Data																
	Other Data																

Note

- 1. If the list of personal deduction is the same that of the last year, do not submit a copy of resident registration certificate.
- 2. Relationship code

Category	Relation code	Category	Relation code	Category
Taxpayer himself/herself (Article 50①1 of Income Tax Act)	0	Taxpayer's linear ascendant (Article 50①3 · 7 of Income Tax Act)	1	Spouse' linear ascendant (Article 50①3·7 of Income Tax Act)
Spouse (Article 50①2 of Income Tax Act)	3	Taxpayer's linear descendant (children · adopted children) (Article 50⊕3 · 나 of Income Tax Act)	4	Spouse' linear descendant (Except subjects of code 4) (Article 50①3 · 나 of Income Tax Act)
Sibling (Article 50①3 · 다 of Income Tax Act)	6	Recipient(Except subjects of code 1~6) (Article 50①3 · 라 of Income Tax Act)	7	Fostered child (Article 50①3 · 12) of Income Tax Act)

- * If a linear descendant or his/her spouse is handicapped, include the spouse.
- * Relation codes from 4 to 6 are the relations with the taxpayer himself/herself or with the taxpayer's spouse
- 3. Age criteria
 - Preferential treatment for senior citizens : Born on/before Dec. 31,(). (Aged 70 or older: deduction of \(\partial 1,000,000 \))
- 4. In "Women", mark only if you are a woman and satisfy both of the following conditions:
 - A. The amount of composite income added when calculating the composite income tax base for the relevant taxable period is 30 mil. won or less.
 - B. You are a woman with no spouse and are the head of a household with dependent families as prescribed by Article 50 (1) 3 of the Income Tax Act, or are a woman with a spouse.
- 5. If you or your dependents are disabled, please enter the relevant code.

Classification	A disabled person specified in the "Act on Welfare of Persons with Disabilities"	A wounded and disabled person who does not have the ability to work specified in the "Act on the Honorable Treatment and Support of Persons, etc. of Distinguished Services to the State"	A severely-wounded patient who needs continued treatment
Code	1	2	3

- 6. Citizen · Foreigner: Citizen=1, Foreigner=9. If a religious worker is a foreigner, write down his/her nationality and refer to the country code for the nationality code.
- 7. Citizen/foreigner: Citizen=1, Foreigner=9. If a wage & salary income earner is a foreigner, specify the nationality refer to the table of nationality code.

(Page 2)

									(Page 2)
	Items		Expendit	ure Detail	S	Classification	Amount	Limit	Deduction Amt.
	D . D .	N	ational Pension		Previous Place	Premium		Total Amt.	
II. Pens			Contribution		Current Place	Premium		Total Amt.	
ion remi um Ded		N	ational Pension		Previous Place	Premium		Total Amt.	
uction	Military Pension, Teachers' Pension, etc.)		Contribution		Current Place	Premium		Total Amt.	
	reachers Pension, etc.)		Su	btotal					
			Health Ins.		Previous Place	Premium		Total Amt.	
		(Elderly Lon	ng-term Care Ins. In	cluded)	Current Place	Premium		Total Amt.	
	Insurance	E.	mployment Ins.		Previous Place	Premium		Total Amt.	
		E	inprovincia ilis.		Current Place	Premium		Total Amt.	
			Su	btotal					
					ed from financial instit private loan providers				
		Housing Rental Loans			· · ·	principle / interest			
				If borro	wed from individuals				
				Les	s than 15 Years				
Ħ			Borrowed before 2011	15	Years - 29 Years				
S				(Over 30 Years				
рес			Borrowed		d interest rate or				
ial			after 2012 (15 years or more)		erred repayment loan				
De	Housing Funds	Long	(10 years or more)		Other loans				
Special Deduction		Long- term Mortg age Loan			Fixed interest rate, No n-deferred repayment loan	interest			
on			Borrowed after 2015	Over 15 Years	Fixed interest rate or Non-deferred repayment loan				Donations carried over
			anei 2013		Other loans			_	
				10 Yrs-	Fixed interest rate or				
				10 11s- 15 Yrs	Non-deferred repayment loan				
			Su	btotal	1 7				
		Legal donation				Donations carried over			
	Donations		nated donations (ex						
	(Carried over)	Des	signated donations			Donations carried over			
	Donations carried over (sum)								
	Individ	dual Pension	Savings (opened	before 200	00)	Payment		₩720,000 or 40%	
			Contribution of Si			Payment			
	Compan	y and Self-6	employed Mutual a			·			
				tion depos		Payment			
	House-purchasing Savings		Worker's home		•	Payment			
	Savings		Housing Total		n saving	Payment			
			Su	btotal	Associations, etc.				
			Invested on 2018	3	Ventures, etc.	Amount of investment		-	
VI					Associations, etc.				
Q	Investment Assn.		Invested on 2019	9	Ventures, etc.	Amount of investment			
hei	Deduction				Associations, etc.				
D			Invested on 2020)	Ventures, etc.	Amount of investment			
edu			Su	btotal					
IV Other Deduction		① Credit	cards			Amount spent			
on		② Debit	cards			Amount spent			
		3 Cash F	Receipt			Amount spent			
	Credit Card Usage Deduct	4 Amoun	nt spent on books payers with total p	and perfo	rmance tickets mil. won or less)	Amount spent			
			nt spent in tradition			Amount spent			
			nt spent in tradition			Amount spent			
			Subtotal (①+(r			
	Contribution	ons of the en	mployee stock owi			Contribution			
	S/M Enterprises Maintaining Employment					Amount of wage cut			
			lective investment	conmition		Payment			

	Items					Detail of	Deducton · Tax Cred	dit from Income				(rage 3)
			Purpose o	of Entry Con	vention b/w Governmer	nt	ology Importation Co	ontract	Т			
		Foreign		of making a tech	mption under Restriction nology importation con o provide labour		Taxation Act L Exe	Due	date for tion period			
	Tax Exemption	workers	Exemp		ary income of foreign v	vorkers	Date of acceptance		tion period	Date of submis	ssion	
	rax exemption				y income under the tax		Date of acceptance			Date of submi	ssion	
			tion for perf	ormance-based was	ges of achievement-shar	ing SMEs	Starting date			End date		
		Tax reductio			n fund for core personr	nel of SMEs	Starting date			End date		
			Exer	mption on the emp Kinds of Tax			Date of employmer		Limit	Due date for exempte Amount applicable		Tax Credit
					ic technician		Payment	IS	Limit	for deduction	ratio	Tax Credit
		Pension			kers' Retirement Benefit	S	Payment				12%	
		account			on savings		Payment				or 15%	
				1	ubtotal y Ins. (life, accident, et	tc.)	Premium		₩ 1,000,000		12%	
			Insurance		rance for the disabled	,	Premium		₩ 1,000,000		15%	
\vee				ouw.alf	Subtotal The aged, The Disable	A						
Tax				· Those ex	empted from national languages calculation		Expenses				15%	
Ħ			Medical Expenses		ubfertility treatment or Other dependents		Expenses				20%	
xar			Zapenses		ty insurance premi	ım	Expenses Receipt				15%	
Examption				maaiin	Subtotal	alli	receipt					
ion					Yourself		Tuition		Total Amt.			
&∘		a : 1	Educationa		ntering an elementary so No.) (elementary, secondar		Tuition etc. Tuition		3 mil/person 3 mil/person		15%	
Tax Credit		Special Tax	1 Expenses		luates (No.) (college or univ						1370	
	Tax Credit	Credit		For	the disabled (No.)		Tuition etc.		Total Amt.			
Cre					Subtotal Under		Donation Amt.				100/110	
địt				Political donation	₩ 100,000 Above		Donation Amt.				100/110	
					₩ 100,000 Legal donation		Donation Amt.					
			Donation	Dona	tions of the employee		Donation Amt.				15%	
				D	ck ownership association Designated donations		Donation amount				or 25% or 30%	
					religious organizations) esignated donations						-	
					ligious organizations)		Donation amount					
					Subtotal		Foreign Source Inco	ama .				
							Amt. Paid(Foreign Curre					
				г : т			Amt. Paid(₩)			-		
				Foreign T	ax		Country Date of Submission of	of A		of Payment		
							pplication			Working Place		
				Home Mortgage	Interest		Working Period Interest Paid			osition 30%		
				Monthly r			Expenses			or 12%		
				In	accordance with the Ar	ticle 140 of	the Income Tax Act,	I hereby file this	s report.			
									Da	te: ,		
				payer :						(Signature)		
	Additional dispate				1 9					V. D. N.		
1. Do	you submit an	**		tax rate of foreign	employee?	Previous To	tal			Yes No	Ш	
	tails of	Company Na	ame			Wage & Sa	lary			The Receipt Att		
pre	vious company	Tax Reg. No	0			Previous Fir Tax Liabilit				Yes 🗌 No	Ш	
3 0	ihmission of a	tatement of	income d	leduction tov oradi	t for pension-savings	Submission	()					
	ibmission of s 'Yes") \square X("No		meome d	icaucuontax credi	i ioi pension-savings	₩ If you	apply for income of the corresponding s		it for pension acc	counts, house-purchasing	ng savings,	etc. you should
				on tax credit for m	onthly rent-payment of	Submission	()		for monthly rent	· payment of principle	and interes	st of home rental
			("Yes") ☐ X	K("No") □		loans	borrowed from indivi-	duals, you should	submit the corres	ponding statement.		
5. Ot	ner documents			① Details of me	edical expenses(), (2)	Statement of	f donation (), ③ O	ther documentary	evidence for dedu	iction tax credit ()		

The taxpayer should file the final return of global income tax unless he or she included the wage & salary from the previous company in the year-end tax settlement.
 Otherwise, the taxpayer will be subject to penalty taxes.
 The taxpayer him-/herself does not have to directly enter the pension premium, national health insurance, employment insurance of the current company on the form.
 The Deduction Amount section does not have to be filled by the employee when he/she submits this form to the withholding agent.

Note